ThP-35

Analysis of Forest Fire Damage Area in Gangwon-do, Korea Using **High-Resolution Aerial Images and Near-Infrared Images**

Sung-Jin Ma (1)

¹ Univ. of Seoul, 163 Seoulsiripdaero, Dongdaemun-gu, Seoul 02504, Korea

Email: sungjin.ma@gmail.com

Abstract: On April 4, 2019, a forest fire in Goseong, Gangwon-do was declared a national

disaster. This massive forest fire spreaded to the nearby city of Sokcho, and the damaged area

reached about 1,757ha. On April 9, 2019, when forest fire was extinguished, A high-resolution

aerial photographs of 10cm GSD (Ground Sample Distance) were taken to analyze the status of

forest fire-damaged area. Forest fire damage analysis was performed by calculating the

Normalized Difference Vegetation Index(NDVI) using color images and near-infrared images

taken before and after the damage, and analyzing the relative changes. In particular, the

extent of the damage was reviewed by calculating statistics corresponding to each 'Forest

type' using 'Digital forest type map'. This study was able to estimate the damaged area of

forests due to forest fire, and it is expected that systematic analysis of forest fire damage will

be made through further additional research.

Keywords: NDVI, Digital forest type map, Disaster of forest fire